BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

(Continued from Second Page.)

adopted and the accounts allowed re commended by the committee.

Mr. Kinney moved to amend said report by allowing full time to James Ward, as he was absent on account of a death in his family. Carried.

The motion made by Mr. Gill being thereupon put, was carried, a majority of the members elect voting therefor. The committee on public buildings

made the following report: To the Honorable Board of Supervisors of Kent County:

lic buildings beg leave to report as follows: We find on file the following ap. plications for custodian of the new county court house: John Platt, W. B. Croninger, M. Pogazinski, Charles A. Kendrick, George Fox, Edward E. Park, G. M. McCray, F. A. Wilson, John H. Cole, William H. Fox, Erastus

For Engineer and Superintendent-J.

W. Donnan, James Cooper. For Engineer - John W. Donnan, John Kuffler, D. J. Otis, E. P. Everett, S. J. Chace, C. Bleorbin. For Fireman - J. H. Dickey and

John Maley. For Fireman or Elevator Man-E. A. Richmond, M. Gilman.

For Janitor-Robert Bowman, Edward Miner, W. H. Brown, L. Vandervelder, Walter S. Plumb, A. D. Hardy, John B. Fortier, Charles Reeves, William Rennie, Joseph Walthuis, Benjamin C. Moffet, L. J. Hough, William Tyler, F. M. Kealer, C. L. Rebentisch, L. C. Cederstien, F. D. Bryer.

For Janitress-Mrs. Bowman, Margaret McGarry, Mrs. M. Trevitt, Caroline Ransom, Lizzie Mitchell, Agnes Hollihan, Mrs. Nora D. Sweet.

For Elevator Man-Stephen Wheeler, J. R. Kelley, C. Harry Since, R. C. Smith, Jr., A. H. Robertson, John Krueger, S. B. Johnston, Joseph Morriessy, W. H. Fleming, Lowis M. Blackwell, John P. White, Robert Ball, J. J. Tyler, F. M. Kesler, Arthur W. Whitney, Lewis Gilbertson, B. M. Denison. For Anything-Charles P. Miller, J. 8. Carpenter, William Holmerda, F. D.

Denison, Leonard Trischon. And your committee would recom-

mend appointments as follows: Engineer and Superintendent-J. W. Donnan, at a salary not to exceed nine hundred dollars.

All of which is respectfully submit-

JOHN BENJAMIN. L. E. PAIGE, M. J. ULRICH,

H. O. BRAMAN,

R. B. LOOMIS, Committee on Public Buildings. Mr. Emmons moved that the subject tee with power to act.

Mr. Frost moved as a substitute that the report be adopted and the recommendations therein contained concurred in, which prevailed by the following vote. The yeas and nays:

Yeas-Mesers. Benjamin, Braman, Cogshall, Emmons, Fehsenfeld, Frost, Gill, Gould, Hodges, Hogadone, Hyde, Kinney, Leppink, Lindermulder, O'Leary, Paige, Proctor, Rosenburg, Schermerborn, Smits, Solomon, Walker, Watkins, E. C. Woodworth, Chairman

Nava-Mesers, Hill, Holben, Ladner, Lathrop, Lee, Skeels, Smith, Warner, W. F. Woodworth-9. Not voting-Mesers. Colson, Loomis,

Potter, Ulrich-4. Absent-Mr. Ward.

On motion of Mr. Frost the committee on poor house building was authorized to have the bricks in the poor house building penciled. Mr. Cogshall moved that the board

proceed to the appointment of an elevator man. Carried. Mr. Cogshall moved that the board

proceed to an informal ballot for elevator man. Lost.

Mr. Hogadone moved to reconsider the vote by which the motion made by Mr. Cogshall was just carried. Car-

Mr. Hogadone moved as a substitute for the motion made by Mr. Cogshall that the matter of employing the remainder of the help in and about the court house building be referred to the committee on public buildings, with

Carried by the following vote, the

yeas and nays being called for: Yeas-Messrs. Braman, Colson, Emmons, Febsenfeld, Hodges, Hogsdorne, Holben, Kinney, Lathrop, Lee, Lippink, Lindemulder, O'Leary, Proctor, Rosenburg, Schermerhorn, Skeels, Smite, Solomon, Walker, Warner, E. C. Woodworth, Chairman-23.

Nays Meers. Cogshall, Gill, Bill, Ladner, W. F. Woodworth-5.

Not voting-Mesers. Benjamin, Frost. Gould, Hyde, Loomis, Paige, Potter, Smith, Ulrich, Watkins-19. Absent-Mr. Ward-1.

On motion of Mr. Emmons, a majority of the members elect voting thereof. the clerk of this board was instructed to draw orders for the payment of the wages of the employes at the court nee building, upon the certificate of

the chairman of the committee on pubic buildings.

On motion of Mr. Skeels, S. S. Chem. berlain of the eleventh ward, and Nathaniel Rice of the twelfth were appointed agents for their respective wards for the care and burial of deceased indigent sailors, soldiers and ITS mariners.

On motion of Mr. Gill the board adjourned.

CORNELIUS L. HARVEY, Clerk. A. W. WEEKES, Chairman.

SOURCE OF THE DIAMOND. An Expert Discourses on the Me

Until recently the view obtained currency in scientific circles that the dia-mond originated in some secret process in the depths of the earth and was brought to the surface along with its matrix, the "blue earth," by volcanic action; but this view is no longer tenable. The diamond is not thrown up from the depths, but falls from the heights! This, at least, is the conclusion to which we are at length being forced, says an exchange.

The meteoric theory has recently re-ceived important confirmation. Great masses of meteorie iron are found in Arizona and a piece of this was for-warded to Herr Konig for examination. The iron proved exceedingly hard and it was only with the greatest difficulty that it was cut through. The cut passed through a hollow which on examination was found to contain dismonds. They are certainly small and black and of very little commercial value, but all the greater in their scientific significance. There were other hollows filled with black coal, a piece of which, on being treated with nitric sold, revealed a minute white diamond. This is the first discovery of diamonds in me-

Is the diamond really a stranger here on earth, a wanderer from remote regions of space? Are the glittering stars diamond factories? Is the moon furrowed by meteorites, richer in dia-monds than the earth? Most probably, for it has no oxygen atmosphere in which the diamonds could be consumed on their passage through it.

And when a shooting star "goes out" when a meteor flashes on its fiery course—is it a diamond that lights its path by combustion?

It may be that the fire balls that leam for a moment mark the combustion of a diamond's priceless value. On the other hand it may be that combustion is supported simply by coal.

Where lies the diamond land? Who

sent to earth the carbon crystal for which men so often resign what is of more value than even the Koh-i-noorhonor, faith, justice?

SPEED OF SHOOTING STARS. Swarms of Them Flashing Through Space

The shooting stars are small bodies weighing, at most, a few pounds, and consisting mainly of iron and carbon. They traverse space in swarms and also revolve around the sun in long, elliptical courses like the comets. seen in a single night. Their brightness is due to the heat engendered by the energy of their motion. Their speed is enormous, viz.: Forty-two and a half kilometers a second, while the speed of the earth on its orbit is only twentyfive kilometers a second, forward. Consequently when a shower of them approaches the earth in the direction op-posite to its course, the initial speed is seventy-two kilometers a second; when they follow on its course they gain sixteen and a half kilometers a second on it, their mean rate of approach being thirty to forty kilometers a secon The friction engenders a temperature of three thousand degrees Celsius, subject to which they burst into flame. If under these conditions their substance is not vaporized, they pass through and beyond the upper strata of our atmosphere and pursue their proper course around the sun; but as a rule they are vaporized, in which case the or mingles with the atmosphere, to fall later as meteoric dust. In this manner we come in contact annually with one hundred and forty-six milliards of shooting stars, which add considers bly to the earth's substance.

FOOD OF AN ANCIENT PEOPLE. They Fed on Spoils of the Chase and Had Several Domesticated Animais.

Plentifully scattered through the relie beds of Switzerland's lakes are fragmentary remnants of its ancient people's food. We learn that they were not cannibals, for, smid a profusion of animal bones, very few of the human species have been detected. The deposits of the earliest settlements prove that the inhabitants were ardent hunters, and then largely fed on the spoils of the chase. But in after ages, v farming occupations were followed to a greater extent, the flesh of tamed animals was chiefly eaten. The bones have mostly been split open, doubtless for the purpose of extracting the marrow. Among the animals domesticated by the lake dwellers were the ox, the sheep and the goat. Their stalls, like their masters' dwellings, were upon the water; and quantities of the litter provided for them have been found in the mud of the lakes. Moss, which has also been largely discovered, is thought by the Gentleman's Magazine to have formed the sleeping couches of the household. Numerous wild fruits, such as apples, pears, plums, raspberries and nuts, were included in the vegetable diet of these Swiss aborigines; and the detection of apple parings testified to a certain nicety in their cuisine. They cultivated the common cereals, wheat and barley; and flat, round cakes have been disinterred, and also several stones, between which the grain was

De Konteki tonight in Chapel hall.

DONE IN HIS NAME

Work of the Christian Endeavor Society.

REMARKABLE GROWTH

The Rev. W. I. Russell Discourses the Society and Its Place in the Work of the Church.

The Rev. W. J. Russell of the Church of Christ gave his congregation a half nour's talk last evening on the growth of the Young People's Society of Christian Eudesvor. The thoughts which he expressed were suggested by the recent national convention of that body in New York. He said he presumed his hearers had heard of that great convention as the whole world had heard of it. Even kings and potentates were astonished by the news of such an immense gathering of christian workers."

The people of the world should be kept informed of the progress, methods and growth of the society, thought Mr. Russell. The speaker was of the opinion that the church as a general thing does not accord the society the amount of sympathy that it demands, and is entitled to. Many members of the church stop to inquire if it is in harmony with the church. The church has long been looking for some means to increase the interest in church work, something that will infuse new life and energy into it.

Must Work in Sympathy. Mr. Russell thought the society under his notice is the means by which this aid can be furnished, and the church should work in sympathy and in har-mony with it. The times demand a change in the method of church work, and now that these new methods have been presented by the society the churches should adapt themselves to them. The time for a church to sit in a contemplating mood is passed. The hearts of the young people are throb-bing with devotion to the cause of Christ. There never was more work to do for the Lord than at the present time, and this society possesses the reapers that are ready and willing to

The demand for a readjustment in pastoral and evangelical methods is great. There is a great demand great. There is a great demand also for a change in the pulpit. The people demand good, plain, practical sermons, something that can be applied to every day life. The church must be brought out of this contemplating mood and aroused to the demands of the times. The church forces are becoming latent and are not centralized. The churches are not doing what they can to rescue young men and women who have fallen from society and have become adherents to the slums of city life. The large congregations in our churches are in a chaotic condition, and one half of the membership is not acquainted of the membership is not acquainted with the other half.

oncentration le Noce If the 12,000,000 protestant christians these little bodies enter the earth's orbit they are deflected toward the earth and Public Opinion says great numbers are seen in a single night. Their bright ous guard and a discrimination in their methods of work. The speaker thought the Young People's societies possess all of these requirements. Its machinery is simple, its discipline perfect, its principles are in harmony with the church and its methods are along the right line. Its members are perfectly drilled, and when they are taken into the church they add strength to it. The prayer meeting is the breathing machinery of the church, and it is too often neglected and becomes impaired. The Young People's society pledges itself to keep up the prayer meetings, which is one of the beautier of its organization. It pledges itself to loyalty to the church and this pledge was verified by the 30,000 people that gathered in the auditorium of Madison Square garden last week. They surprised the records by their immense numbers and people by their immense numbers and their enthusiasm. This society was organized a few years ago in a little church in Lewiston, Me., and it has grown from that one society until today there are 22,000 societies.

> A CAT OF CHARACTER. She Protects a Birdling and Kills

In the mountain districts of Pennsyl vania two wrens had built their nests under the eaves of an old farmhouse and there they reared a small and in teresting family, says the Brandon Bucksaw. Among the attaches of the farmer's household was a white cat, and when the wrens became so tame that they used to hop around the plazza in search of crumbs, the cat would lie in wait for them, and several times came within an ace of catching the adult birds. When the farmer noticed this he kicked the cat, and she finally learned that it was dangerous to fool with the

When the baby wrens grew larger one of them one day fell out of the nest and, being too weak to run and unable to fly, lay helpless on the grass. The cat saw the accident and ran rapidly to seize the bird, but, seeming to remember the lesson taught her, when she reached the helpless little thing she only touched it daintily with her

paw and then lay down and watched it. Presently there came a black and yellow garden snake toward the fluttering birdling. The cat was dozing and was awakened by the fluttering of the bird. Instantly she rose and struck the reptile with her paw. This was an enemy the snake did not appreciate, but it was hungry, so it darted forward and attempted to seize the bird under the very shelter of the cat's head.

Like a flash the cat seized the snake just back of the head and killed it with one bite. When the farmer happened along in the afternoon he found the cat ning in the grass sheltering the bird, and ten feet away was the dead snake. This made it clear that the cat had carried the bird away from the snake, and the young adventurer was

BOATS FOR WOMEN.

They Prefer One That Will Not Really

Women affect to prefer yachts. What they really like is a cathoat. To go salling in a cathoat is like sailing in a wide ing in a onthoat is like sailing in a wide places. One would as soon feel qualues in a drawing room. A cathoat is as broad as it is long. Some cathoats are broader than they are long. Such would be a cathoat thirteen feet by twenty-four, which are the dimensions of a well-commissioned eathers. That is a

in this case it was not. There is but one man, he handles the tiller with one hand, shifts the sail with the other and entertains you with talk of his craft. He pretends great indifference to juchts and says: "We don't think much of 'em." A catboat, says the New York
Journal, not only is as broad as a room
but has a centerboard. Literally it cannot capaige. On fine afternoons when catboats are available they look like floating nurseries. The most timid mothers will take their children out in a catboat if the children will promise not to throw themselves or one another into the water. There is no other possibility of their getting in. A well-built cat-boat will sail like a skimming dish by raising the center board or will cleave the water like a cutter with its lowered center board. It is, however, bad to becalmed in. It carries but one oar and its breadth offers a good deal of resistance. But a calm on the water is nothing to a calm on land. A belated sailing party on a quiet summer night will throw a household into consternation and break up the fountains of the deep that lie in woman's eyes.

CURIOSITIES IN BOOKBINDING. Whole Libraries Bound in Tanned Hus

Extravagance in binding has frequently furnished an opening for the display of fantastic tricks and fads. In bookseller's catalogue is an advertisement of a Latin copy of Apulein's "Golden Ass" bound in the skin of a Jerusalem ass, the leather being still unhaired. A book by Jeffery Hudson, the noted dwarf, was bound in the silk waistcoat of Charles I., the dwarf's patron saint. A de luxe edition of Fox's historical works, specially fitted up for Edwards, the philosopher, was bound throughout in fox skin, forty-seven pelts of these little animals being required to complete the job. O'Connell, who so delighted in the possession of a first edition of Bacon's works, had the entire set rebound in pigskin, and always lovingly referred to them as his "Bacon-rind" books. During the French revolution, "when death stalked through the land and murder lurked in every dark corner," some of the philosophers who had become hardened with their nightly revels, "where skulls were used as drinking cups," carried their love of the grewsome and the hor-rible so far as to rebind whole libraries in human skin. The writer of this "Note" once had the pleasure (?) of handling a copy of a murderer's confession which was bound in the tanned skin of the murderer himself.

Big Smokestacks on Ocean St Ask the average man what he thinks is about the average diameter of the funnels, or smokestacks, of the large Atlantic steamships, and he will most probably say somewhere between four and eight feet, the latter figure being put at the outside limit. And he will be about ten feet wide of the mark on every guess, for steamship funnels are the most deceptive things affoat. The funnels of the Etraria, which may be taken as a fair standard for the big liners, measure over eighteen feet in diameter. One of the leading engineering journals in the country is responsi-ble for the measurements.

An aerolite of immense size fell the other day into the Caspian sea near the coast of the peninsula of Apcheron, on which Bakn, the Russian oil city, is located. It is lying in water of a depth of nearly thirty feet and stands seven feet above water. As it must have sunk into the soft ground to the depth of some feet, the stone cannot measure less than forty feet in height. It made a terrible noise when coming down, and

tance for a long time. Bears in Main About 350 bears were killed in Maine during the year ending in May, and some of the hunters have made a good living from the sale of the skins and the bounty of \$5 paid by the state for each

kept the water boiling to a great dis-

Cholers Infantum Prevalent.

"There are many cases of cholera infantum in town," said a prominent physician yesterday, "and mothers should be very watchful of their children's health. It is far better to prevent this disease than to attempt its cure; and mothers should know that nothing has kent so many babies well nothing has kept so many babies well as lactated food. It has actually saved the child's life in many cases of this disease that I have attended this year."

De Konteki tonight in Chapel hall.

A New Line of imported sailors at Do not fail to attend the auction sale

of grocerses commencing Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. Charles P. Rath-bun, 125 Monroe street. All kinds of game at Dettenthaler's

De Kontski tonight in Chapel hall.

Henry Schoenhale, foreman Henry Krug Packing company, St. Joseph, Mo., uses Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil with his men for sprains, cuts, bruises, chapped bands, etc. It is the best. De Kontski tonight in Chapel ball.

Just Received A new lot of imlatest European shapes. All colors. Cont., Knorr & Co.

De Konteki tonight in Chapel hall. Spring chickens at Dettenthaler's. De Konteki tonight in Chapel hall. Beecham's Pills sell well because

De Konteki tonight in Chapel hall.

- Now is --Your Blood?-

I had a malignant breaking out on my libelow the knee, and wascured sound and with two and a half bottles of Other blood medicines had failed





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Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers and cures habitual constination. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will pro-cure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept ary

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Removes and Prevents Dandruff. IMERICAN FAMILY SOAP. Best for General Household Use



When "old Sol" makes all things sizzle, Drink Hires' Root Beer. When dull care makes life a fizzle, Drink Hires' Root Beer.

When you feel a little dry, When you're cross, and con't know why, When with thirst the children cry, There's a sweet relief to try-Drink Hires' Root Beer.

A 25 cent Package makes five gallons.

YES, WE DO, "But it is in the witching hour of

night,"etc., etc., etc. How exhaus tive it must be to "never sleep." One must naturally get "very tired," We must acknowledge the corn, but nevertheless we want your lee trade, your Coal trade, also Lime. Cement, etc.

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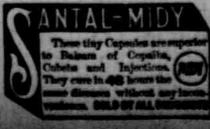
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Misses and Children's DRESS AND

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Don't be without one. For rapid and efficient work they are without an equal.

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so invested will save you many del-lars in the way of work. Bend to Leonard's for one.

THE "DANDY" MASON

Fruit Jars lead all others, Leonard's are headquarters for them. Fruit presses, all sizes. Fruit Funcis and Fruit Sieves. Jelly Gianoes and Fruit Kettles they also keep. Remember the number.

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THE BIG 25c SHOW

will positively exhibit at GRAND RAPIDS

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SELLS COMBINED SHOWS 100 Circus Performers: 10 Great Clowns Weird Moorish Caravans! Supernatural Liles-Imperial Japanese trouped 1008

-UNITED WITH -J. N. RENTFROW'S WORLD'S FAIR! Metropol tan Museum, Geological Institute, and Great Golden Menagerie.

At 10 a. m. a Glorious Grand Holiday FREE STREET PARADE!

TWO DAYS ONLY Admission 25 Cents. No Extra Charge! One Ticket Admits to All

Use Disinfectants Freely! Espec aily about damp walls in the basement, Outbuildings, sewers, etc., should also be looked after, as sickness may be prevented by proper distince-ting. We sell

Crude Carbolic Acid at 30 Cents per Quart Jug. The crude has all the value of the refined and will prove quite as satisfactory for common use. The refined acid we recommend for household use.

To persons who object to the odor of car-locid acid we recommend Brome Chloralum.

This is non-poisonous and odoriess. It is well-adapted for washing and disinfecting refrig-erators, use in sick rooms, etc. Platt's Chio-rides are equally good.

For purposes where a cheap disinfectant if desired.

Copperas is the Best. We Sell 10 lbs of it for 25 Cts And the solution. ? Dos to a gallon of water will thoroughly disinfect outbuildings by pour ing a little in occasionally. The price permits

Tar Camphor

Is the cheapest insecticide. It is practicall solid carbolic and, and is used for preventing the ravages of meths. It is cheap, about one third the price of gum camphor. The large clothing stores find it answers quite as well it is perfectly white, does not stain, and come in powder, squares and bails. The odor aring from it disappears on exposure to the air if is well adapted for season garment woolens, and for every use where it is desired to be secure against noths. We keep all other auticepties and disinfectants, but the above are the most prominent.

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